

Director of Public Health  
Annual Report 2010/11



# Reducing Health Inequalities in East Sussex

Wealden District Summary



East Sussex Downs & Weald PCT



Hastings & Rother PCT



## Introduction

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This document provides an abstract of the data available for Wealden district from the Director of Public Health Annual Report 2010/11 – Reducing Health Inequalities in East Sussex. These quick reference summaries are designed to provide information about health inequalities in these areas, for use by those working in, and commissioning for, these specific districts and boroughs. However, the main report should be accessed at:

<http://www.esdw.nhs.uk/>

<http://www.hastingsandrother.nhs.uk/>

to explain the information contained in this document. The figure numbering in this document is taken from the main report, to enable you to easily relate back to the main report for further information and commentary on any particular figure. Throughout the main report, the districts and boroughs are colour coded in the same colours, to enable the local information to be easily spotted.

Table 1: *Life Expectancy and disability-free life expectancy among males at birth, 2001*

	Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 Score	Life expectancy (yrs)	Disability-free life expectancy (yrs)	Difference (yrs)
Eastbourne	23.36	75.3	61.2	14.1
Hastings	32.21	74.2	58.3	15.9
Lewes	14.79	78.7	65.1	13.6
Rother	17.85	77.4	63.5	13.9
Wealden	10.86	78.3	66.0	12.3

**Note:** The higher the Index of Multiple Deprivation Score the more deprived.

Table 2: *Life Expectancy and disability-free life expectancy among females at birth, 2001*

	Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 Score	Life expectancy (yrs)	Disability-free life expectancy (yrs)	Difference (yrs)
Eastbourne	23.36	81.7	65.2	16.5
Hastings	32.21	79.6	62.2	17.4
Lewes	14.79	82.3	66.8	15.5
Rother	17.85	81.4	66.3	15.1
Wealden	10.86	83.1	68.5	14.6

**Note:** The higher the Index of Multiple Deprivation Score the more deprived.

**Figure 2: Difference between life expectancy and disability-free life expectancy among males at birth, East Sussex districts and boroughs, 2001**



Source: 2001 Census and ONS mortality data

**Figure 3: Difference between life expectancy and disability-free life expectancy among females at birth, East Sussex districts and boroughs, 2001**

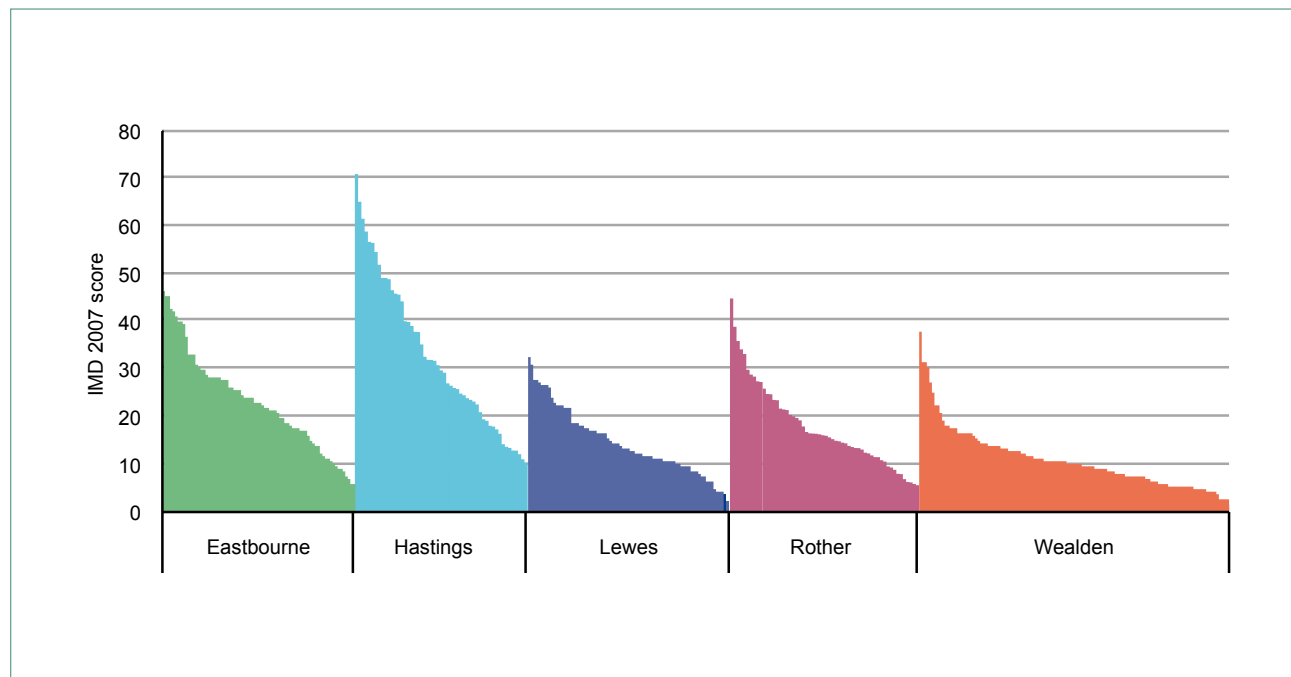


Source: 2001 Census and ONS mortality data

Table 4: IMD 2007 score and rank for districts and boroughs in East Sussex

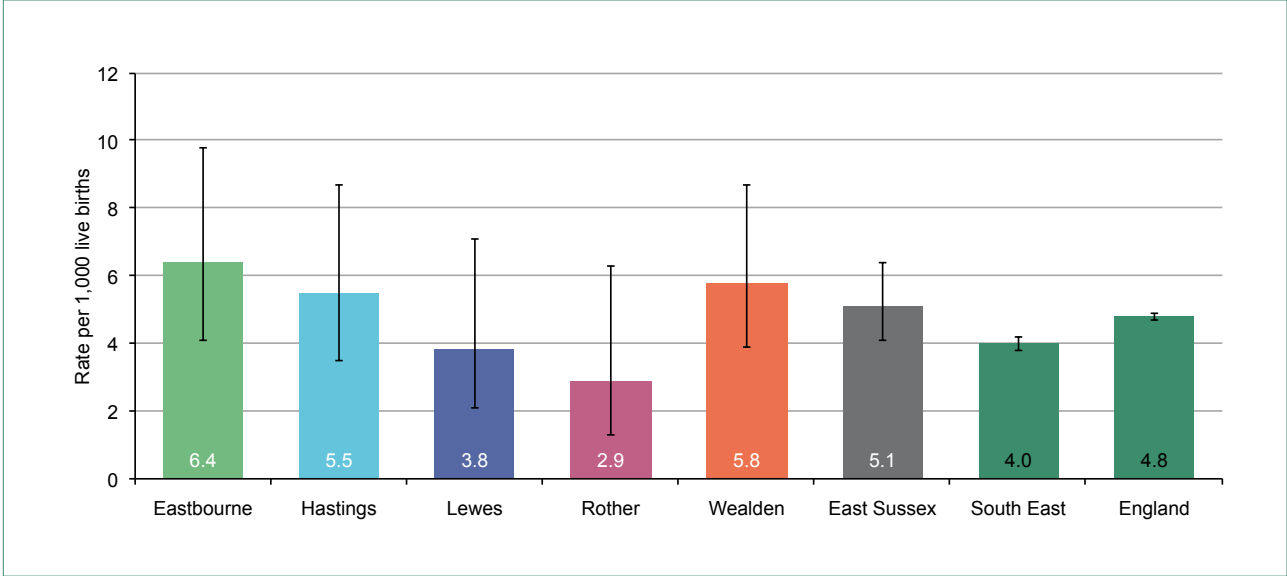
Local authority	Average score across LSOAs within local authority	National rank of average score (1 = most deprived 354 = least deprived)	Number of LSOAs	Minimum LSOA score	Maximum LSOA score
Eastbourne	23.4	104	59	5.8	46.2
Hastings	32.2	31	53	10.3	71.0
Lewes	14.8	218	62	2.0	32.5
Rother	17.9	166	58	5.6	44.8
Wealden	10.9	284	95	1.6	37.8

Figure 4: Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 scores by LSOA grouped by East Sussex districts and boroughs



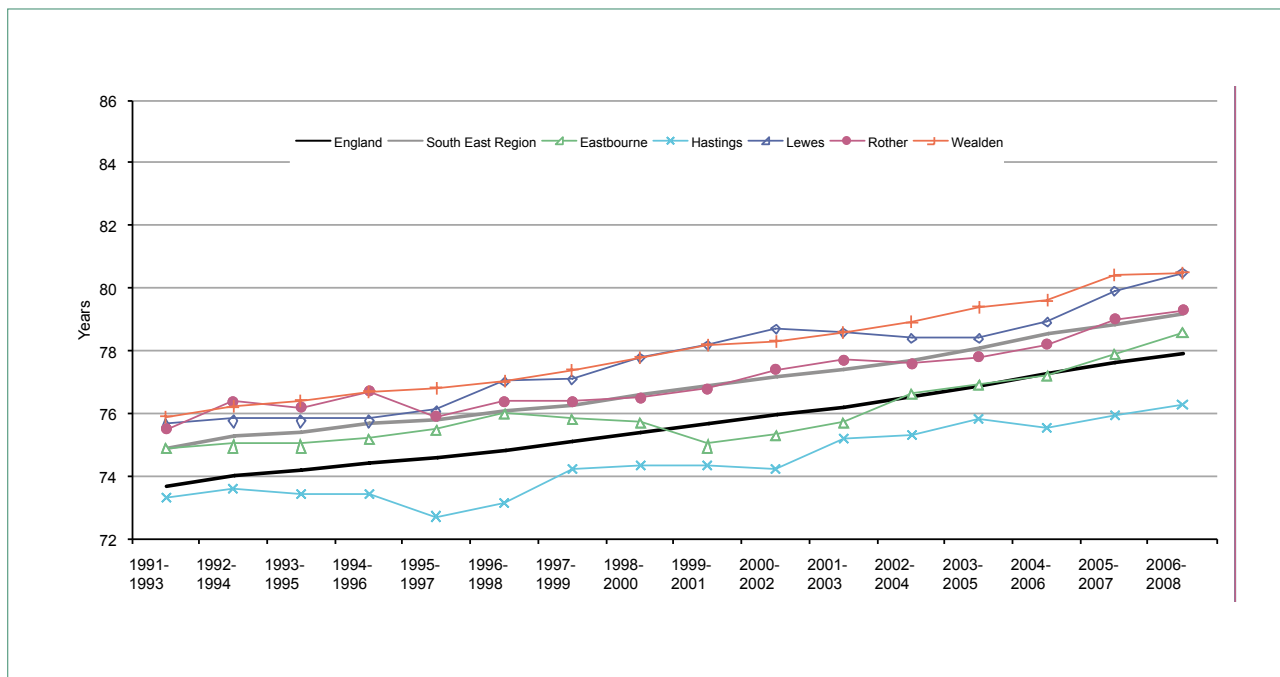
Source: Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007

Figure 6: Infant mortality rate with 95% confidence intervals, East Sussex districts and boroughs, 2006–2008



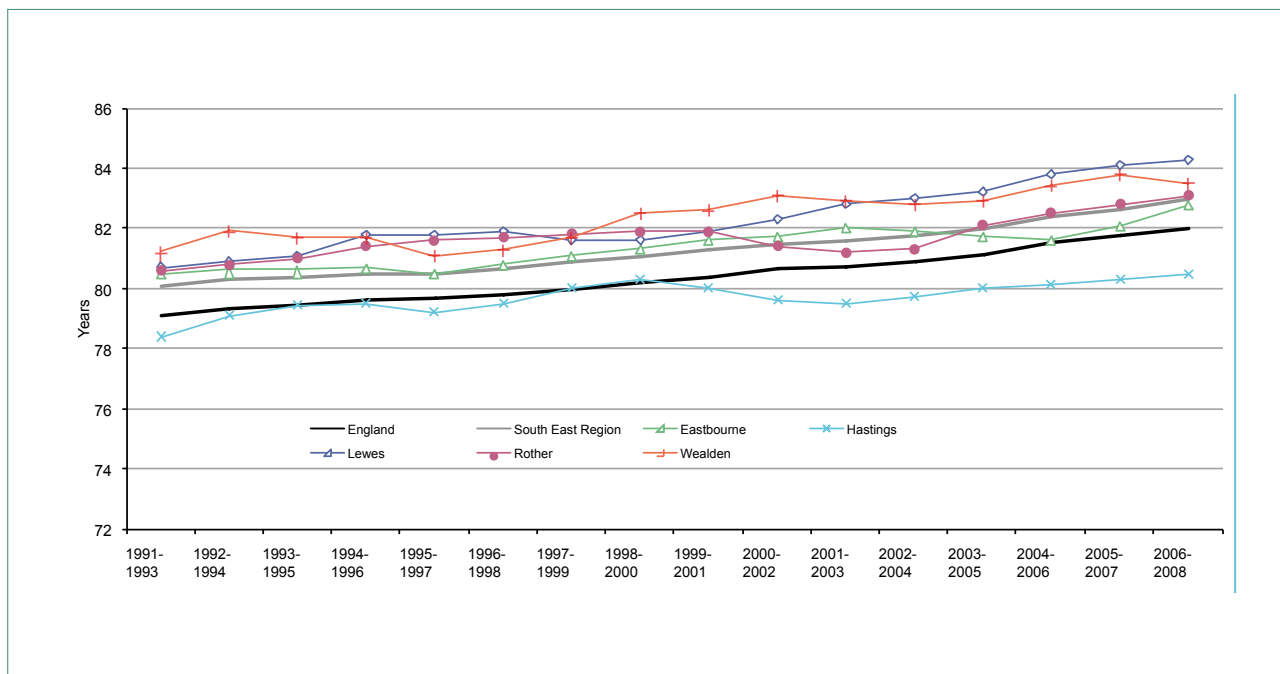
Source: Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007

Figure 8: Male life expectancy, East Sussex districts and boroughs, 1991–1993 to 2006–2008



Source: Compendium of Clinical and Health Indicators

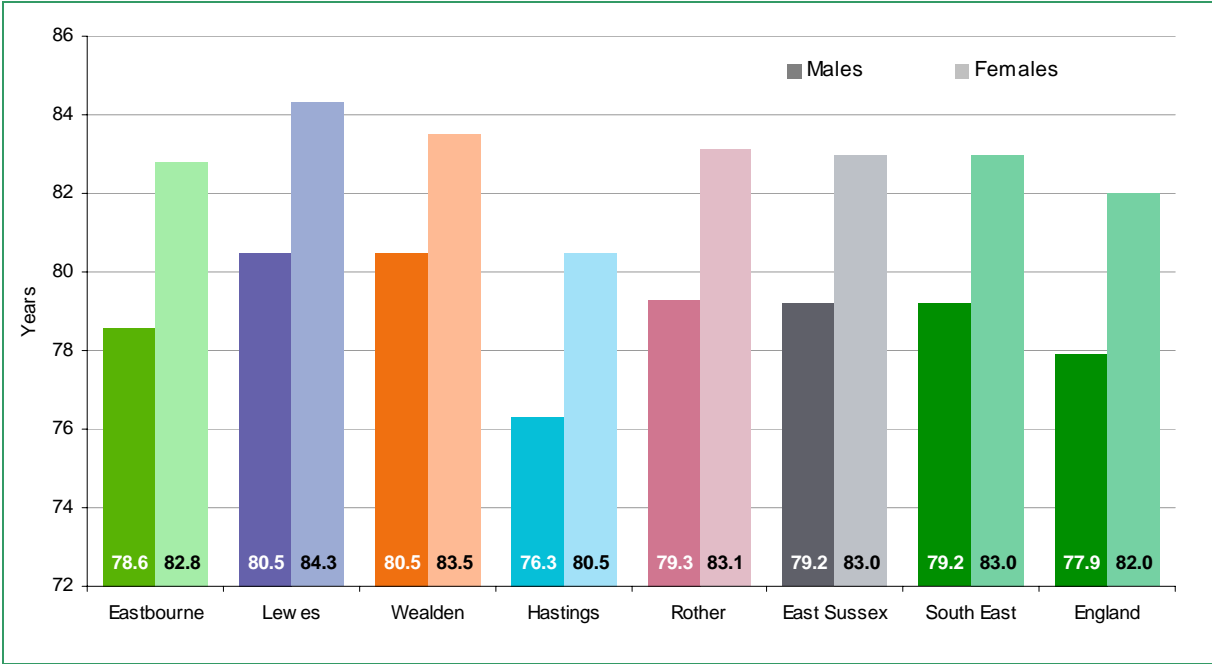
Figure 9: Female life expectancy, East Sussex districts and boroughs, 1991–1993 to 2006–2008



Source: Compendium of Clinical and Health Indicators



**Figure 10: Life expectancy at birth, East Sussex districts and boroughs, 2006–2008**



Source: Compendium of Clinical and Health Indicators

**Figure 16: Life expectancy at birth by deprivation quintile with 95% confidence intervals, Wealden, 2004–2008**



Source: APHO health profiles

## Main Contributors to the Life Expectancy Gap

The gap in life expectancy in 2001–2005 between the most and least income-deprived in Wealden was 2.3 years in males and 2.2 years in females. External causes of death and circulatory diseases are the highest contributors to the gap in life expectancy in males in Wealden (both 22%) in 2001–2005. In females, the main contributors to the gap are circulatory diseases (33%) and respiratory diseases (26%), see Figure 41.

Further analysis of the breakdown of the gap in life expectancy shows that, in males from the most deprived areas, the largest potential gains in life expectancy are from CHD (0.84 years) and road traffic accidents (0.49 years) (Figure 42). In females, if those experienced the same mortality from CHD in the most deprived areas as in the least, there could be gain in life expectancy of 0.55 years.

Figure 41: Breakdown of life expectancy gap between the most deprived and least deprived quintile in Wealden by cause of death, 2001–2005

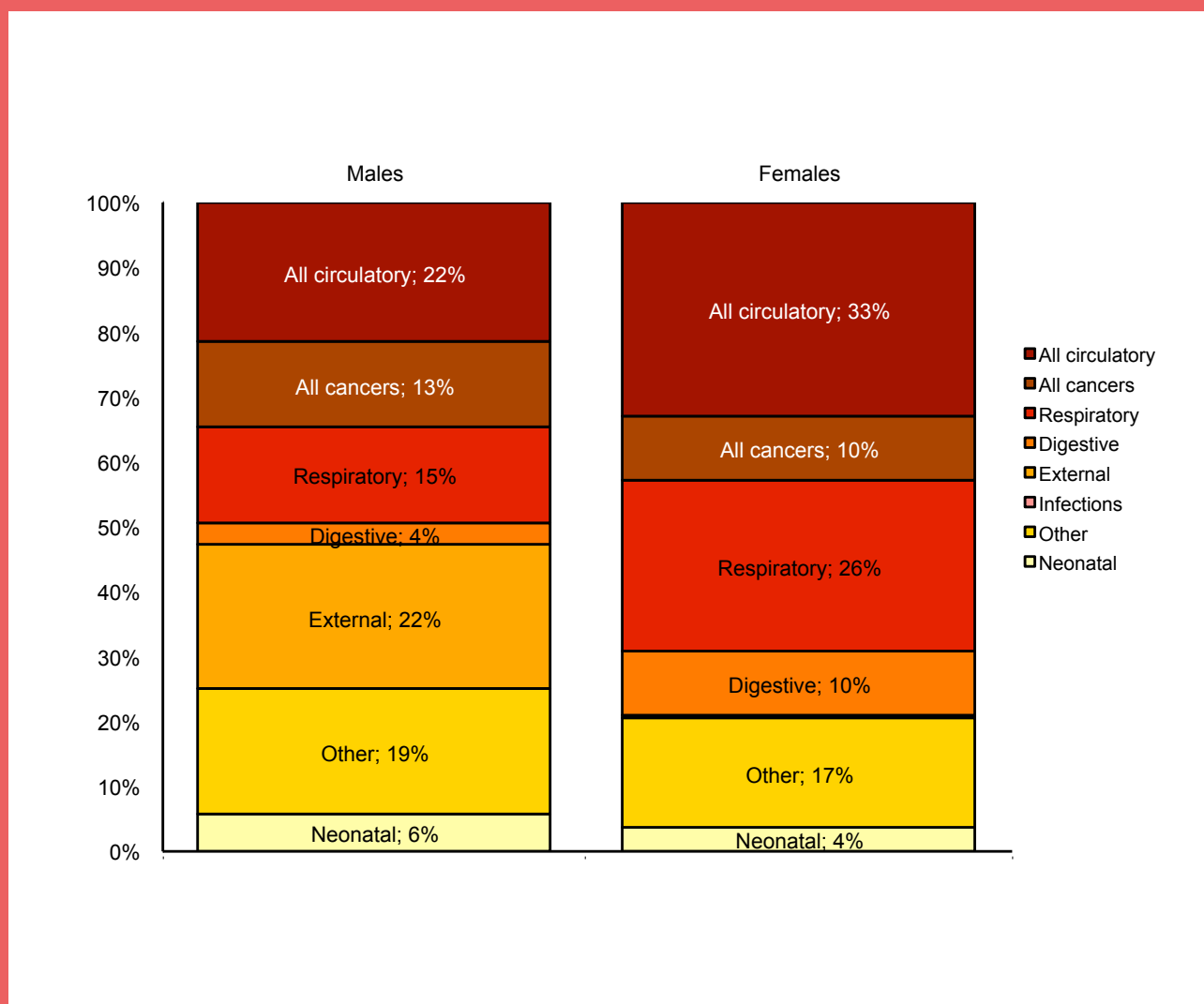
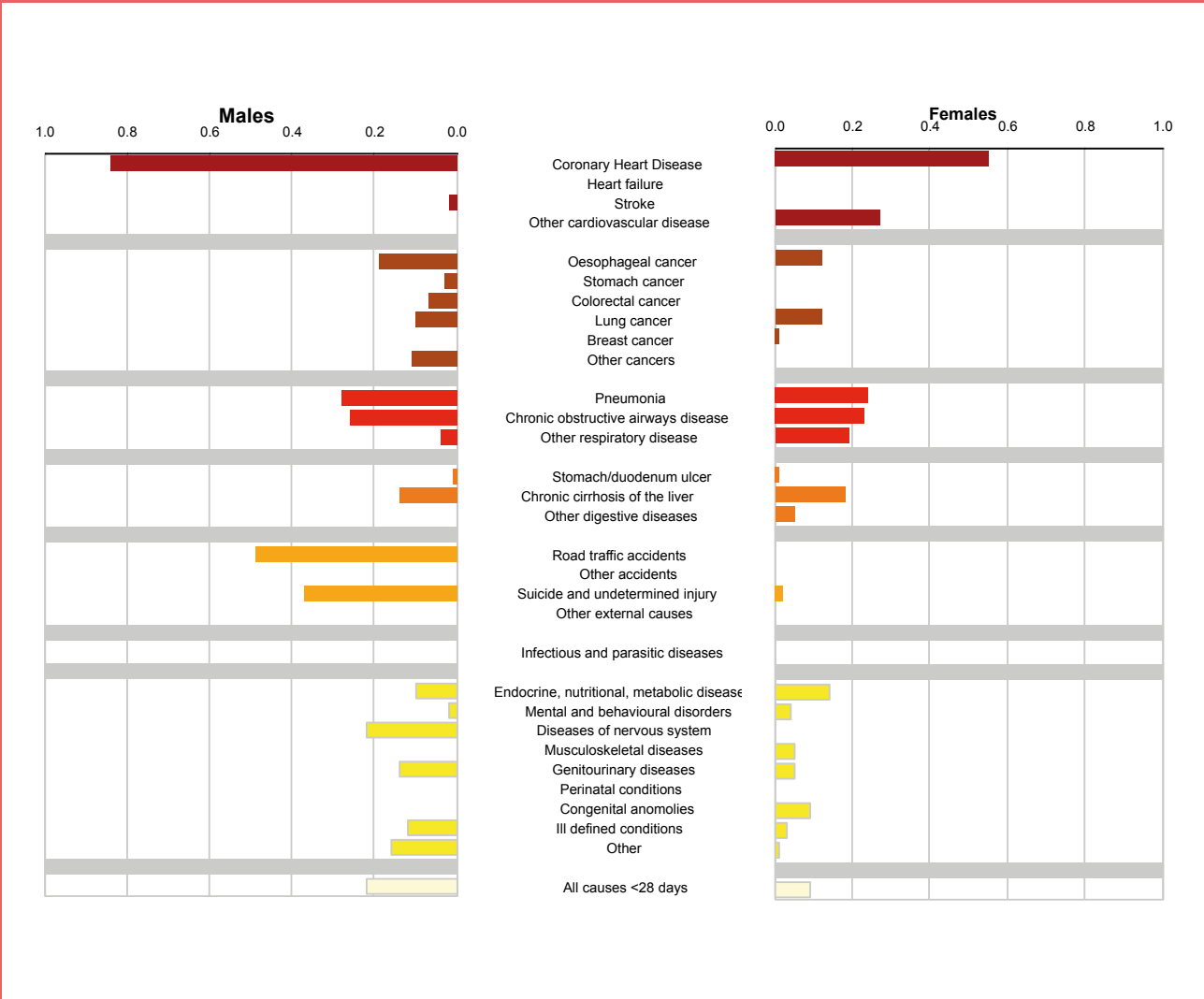


Figure 42: Possible gain in life expectancy in Wealden 2001–2005



Source: London Health Observatory

Table 12 shows the age groups in which there are significant differences in mortality rates for circulatory, cancer and respiratory conditions between the most and least deprived areas of Wealden.

Significant differences in mortality from circulatory diseases can be seen between the most and least deprived in Wealden in people aged 70–79 years. Mortality rates from CHD are significantly different in those aged 55–59 years: there were 11 deaths in the most deprived areas compared to none in the least during 2004–2008.



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## Joint Strategic Needs Assessment Profile

### Demography

- Wealden is the most populated district, with an estimated 145,882 people. The next largest district is Eastbourne, with 97,691 people.
- The highest fertility rate in Wealden is found at Polegate North and Hailsham East, both with 88 per 1000 population. Forest Row has the lowest rate, at 24 per 1000 population (the lowest in East Sussex), followed closely by Crowborough St Johns at 25 per 1000 population.
- Hailsham East, with 7.5% of its population aged 0–5 years, has the district's highest percentage, followed by Crowborough Jarvis Brook, Hailsham South and West and Uckfield Ridgewood, at 6.9–6.8%.
- Forest Row, Uckfield Ridgewood and Hailsham East are all in the county's top decile with 16.8%, 16.7% and 16.3% of their population, respectively, aged 5–14 years. This compares with the county average of 11.3%.
- An estimated 10.5% of the population in Mayfield is aged 15–19 years (the highest in the county). In contrast, the rate East Dean is only 3.4%; the lowest in the county.
- Uckfield Ridgewood, Crowborough Jarvis Brook and Crowborough East are all in the county's top decile, with 86.7%, 86.6% and 86% of their population, respectively, aged 0–64 years.
- In Polegate South, 38% of the population is aged 65 years and over (the highest in Wealden). Close behind are: Alfriston, with 34%; Willingdon, with 32.1%; and Polegate North, with 31.6%. This contrasts with the Wealden average of 21.9%.
- The Wealden district projected percentage increase in population from the 2008 baseline is 1.6% in 2011 and 3.1% in 2013, which is just below the East Sussex average of 2.1% and 3.5%, respectively. The population is predicted to slightly decline among 0–19-year-olds and 0–64-year-olds, by less than 1%. However, there is expected to be a significant increase among those aged 65 years and over. A 7.5% increase is predicted by 2011 and a 15.6% increase by 2013. This is the highest predicted increase of all the districts and appears to be focused on those aged 65–84-years, with only a 4.1% increase predicted for those aged 85 years and over by 2013.
- The county has less diversity in terms of ethnicity and religion compared to England. Only 2.3% of the East Sussex population is from a non-White ethnicity and 1.3% belong to a main religion other than Christianity, compared to 5.5% and 8.7%, respectively, in England as a whole. Wealden is the least diverse district, at 1.7% (highest: Mayfield, 4.3%; and Forest Row, 3.4%) and 0.9%, respectively.
- Hellingly, Polegate North and Uckfield Ridgewood had the highest percentage of household commitments (potential new houses), at 42%, 36% and 26% of existing households. This compares to the district average of 7%.

### Social/environmental context

- Wealden is the least deprived district in East Sussex, with a score of 10.98, compared with the county average of 18.78. The most deprived ward is Hailsham East, which is in the top decile in East Sussex with a score of 30.98. The next most deprived ward is Hailsham South and West, at 18.62, which is just below the county average. Wealden has the least deprived ward in the county, Uckfield Ridgewood, with a score of just 2.59. Seven of the 35 wards in Wealden are in the least deprived decile for the county, and 18 out of 35 are in the least deprived quartile. It should be noted that the Index of Multiple Deprivation is calculated nationally at the level of LSOAs, which are smaller areas than wards. Therefore, Hailsham East is made up of two LSOAs, both of which are in the top 30% ranked nationally. The only other ward to have LSOAs in the top 30% most deprived nationally is Hailsham South and West, which is made up of five LSOAs, one of which is in the 20% most deprived LSOAs in England and one that is in the top 30% most deprived. The other three LSOAs that make up Hailsham South and West are less deprived, and ranked between 70-90% nationally. This accounts for it being less deprived than Hailsham East.
- One in five (19.5%) households are on a low income, which is defined as less than 60% of the national median income. This is the lowest of the districts. However, Hailsham East has the highest percentage of households on low income in East Sussex, at 38.4%.

- Chiddingly and East Hoathly, Crowborough West and Buxted and Maresfield have a low percentage (28%) of persons aged 18–64 years with learning disabilities in settled accommodation. This compares with the county average of 63%.
- Out-of-work benefits are claimed by 7.4% of people. Again, the distribution is uneven, with 21.5% claiming in Hailsham East. The second highest rate is 13.7%, in Polegate South.
- 4% of working-age people claim incapacity benefit or severe disablement allowance.
- The 2001 Census showed that 41% of households own their house outright. This rose in Alfriston to 63%, 57% in East Dean and 56% in Willingdon. 42% of Wealden households have a mortgage or loan. The highest proportion in East Sussex is 65% in Uckfield Ridgewood. In Wealden, 5.3% of households are rented from a council/local authority (county average 6.4%). In a few wards, this is significantly higher. Hailsham East has a rate of 35.3% (highest in East Sussex), while Crowborough Jarvis Brook has a rate of 16.9% and Polegate South a rate of 12.2%. Hailsham South and West and Hailsham East had 9.6% and 6.8% of its households, respectively, rented from a housing association/registered social landlord, compared to the district average of just 2.5%.
- Overall, 3.4% live in overcrowded households, with 6% of under-18s in overcrowded homes. In Hailsham East, these figures are 10% and 19%, respectively. (Census 2001)
- One in six households (14.1%) have no access to a car or van. (Census 2001)
- One third of those (31%) aged 65 years and over lives alone. (Census 2001)
- One in every two primary children in Wealden travels to primary school by car/van or taxi. This is significantly higher in the Crowborough wards (Crowborough St Johns, 83%; Crowborough West, 79%; Crowborough Jarvis Brook, 74%; and Crowborough East, 73%). Among secondary school pupils, this reduces to 16% travelling to school by car/van or taxi. However, the percentages in Heathfield East and Heathfield North and Central are 51% and 40%, respectively.

## **Lifestyle and risk factors**

- 83% of mothers start breastfeeding, but this falls to 59% at six- to eight-weeks-of-age. In Hailsham East, the rate of uptake is only 50% (falling to 27% at six to eight weeks), the lowest in East Sussex. Hailsham South and West and Hailsham North and Central are also low, with initiation rates of 66% falling to 36% and 43%, respectively, at six to eight weeks. This compares to 100% after six to eight weeks in Polegate South and East Dean, where status is known.
- 18% of Wealden Reception Year children are overweight or obese. This compares to 20% for East Sussex. However, Crowborough Jarvis Brooke and Polegate North have rates of 33% and 31%, respectively, which places them in the top decile for the county. 14% of Year 6 children are classified as obese, which compares with 15% for East Sussex as a whole. However, Framfield, Ninfield and Hooe, Warling, Pevensey and Westham, Polegate North, Hailsham East and Uckfield New Town have high rate, at 27%, 26%, 24%, 23%, 23% and 23%, respectively. Among adults, 21% are estimated to be obese and only one in five (22%) adults participate in sport and active recreation.
- The teenage pregnancy rate in Wealden is 24 per 1000 population for 15–17-year-olds, which is lower than the county average (37 per 1000 population). In all Hailsham wards, the teenage pregnancy rate exceeds 48 per 1000 population.
- Over one in ten (12%) mothers are known to smoke at the time of delivery. This rate is substantially higher in Hailsham East, at 31%, and Hailsham South and West, at 26%.
- 18% of adults smoke; however, in Hailsham East, the rate is 31%.

### **Burden of ill-health**

- Heathfield East, Framfield, East Dean and Crowborough East are all in the top decile in East Sussex, with 10% of births classified as low birth weight (under 2,500 grams).
- Overall, 79% of people report their health as either good or very good. However, rates in Uckfield Central Alfriston, Polegate North and especially Hailsham East were much lower, while, at the other extreme, 100% of people report their health as either good or very good in Heathfield East.
- Wealden has a Mental Illness Needs Index (2000) of 0.62, which suggest that there is 38% lower illness in the area compared with the country as a whole. However, there are high indices for Hailsham East, at 1.21, which suggests 21% more illnesses severe enough to need hospital treatment from time to time for people aged 16–59 years. Hailsham East is also slightly above average in terms of the incidence of common mental disorders such as neurotic symptoms and depression.

### **Burden of ill-health – mortality**

- Life expectancy at birth in Wealden, at 83 years, exceeds the East Sussex average. This ranges from 79 years in Danehill/Fletching/Nutley to 89 years in Crowborough Jarvis Brook .
- All age, all cause, age-standardised mortality is 6% below the East Sussex average. It is significantly higher in Danehill/Fletching/Nutley (50%), Chiddingly and East Hoathly (30%) and Hellingly (30%).
- Mortality among people aged 1–19 years was very high in Hellingly, at 194% greater than expected, although it should be borne in mind that the numbers for this indicator are small.
- Stroke mortality (age-standardised) is only 2% above East Sussex average in Wealden. In Uckfield Ridgewood, stroke deaths occur at over twice this rate, at 120% above the average. In addition, Danehill/Fletching/Nutley, Hailsham East and Hellingly are all in the top decile for the county, with rates of 71%, 55% and 51%, respectively. above the county average.
- Age-standardised cancer mortality in under-75s is 11% below the East Sussex average.

- COPD mortality is 13% below the East Sussex average. However, there are some wards with high levels of mortality. In Hailsham East, the rate is over double the country average (123% above). Chiddingly and East Hoathly and Ninfield and Hooe, Wartling also have high mortality rates, at 96% and 76%, respectively, above what would be expected.
- Mortality from causes considered amenable to healthcare is 10% below the East Sussex average. Hailsham East (61%), Hellingly (49%) and Uckfield New Town (47%) are all above the county average, however, and are in the top decile.
- Mortality from suicide in East Dean ward is double the district average and 70% above the county average.

### **Burden of ill-health – primary care**

- At 72 per 1000 population, Polegate South has the highest recorded prevalence of asthma in East Sussex. Polegate North and Hailsham East follow closely behind, at 71 per 1000 population, and just behind them are Hailsham South and West and Willingdon, with rates of 69 per 1000 population. At the other extreme, Forest Row has the lowest rate in the county, at just 46 per 1000 population.
- Polegate North and Polegate South have a very high reported chronic kidney disease prevalence of 82% and 78%, respectively, more than double Wealden's average of 35%.
- Reported COPD prevalence varies from 9 per 1000 population in Uckfield North (the lowest rate in East Sussex) to 26 per 1000 population in Polegate South (the highest rate in East Sussex, with Polegate North just below, with 25 per 1000 population). The district and county average is 15 per 1000 population.
- Polegate North and South also have the highest recorded rates of hypertension in East Sussex, at 216 per 1000 population and 214 per 1000 population, respectively, and the highest rate in the district for hypothyroidism (60 per 1000 population and 58 per 1000 population, respectively) and stroke or TIA at 36 per 1000 population in both.
- Reporting of dementia is only at 33% of the expected level.

- Heart failure is reported at only 39% of the expected prevalence.
- The reported prevalence of hypertension is 47% less than expected.

## **Burden of ill-health – hospital care**

- A&E attendances in under-fours are 105 per 1000 population. The East Sussex average is 153 per 1000 population. The rates in Hailsham East (227 per 1000 population) and Polegate North (173 per 1000 population) are well above this.
- Wealden's A&E attendances are below the county average for all age ranges, with Hailsham East having above average rates in all cases. Thus, all age (age-standardised) A&E attendances are 17% below the East Sussex average. The range is from 49% below average (Uckfield Ridgewood) to 38% above average (Hailsham East).
- Emergency hospital admissions due to symptoms and signs without definite diagnosis for persons aged 0–4 years are very high for Polegate South, at 89 per 1000 population, the highest in East Sussex.
- Age-standardised admission rates are 4% below the East Sussex average (range, 39% fewer admissions than expected in Forest Row to 35% above in Hailsham East).
- Emergency admissions due to asthma in children in Alfriston are 10 per 1000 population, the highest in East Sussex.
- Admissions (age-standardised) for circulatory disease in Uckfield New Town are 57% greater than the East Sussex average (the highest rate in East Sussex). Admission rates are also very high in Newhaven and Polegate wards.
- Admissions due to CHD are 59% greater than the county average in Hailsham East and 99% higher in Uckfield New Town (the highest in the county). Uckfield New Town also has 114% more emergency admissions than expected due to CHD, this is also the highest in the county.
- Admissions due to cancer (age-standardised) are 12% below the county average. In Uckfield Central they are 47% above average. Emergency cancer admissions in Ninfield and Hooe, Wartling are 65% above the East Sussex average.

Hailsham East (267% more than expected) has the highest age-standardised emergency admission rate for asthma in East Sussex, over three and a half times the East Sussex average. Hailsham Central and North also has 205% more than expected and Alfriston has 109% more than the county average.

## **Services – social care**

- Referral rates to adult social care are 31 per 1000 population in Wealden, rising to 46 per 1000 population in both Polegate North and Alfriston.
- Fourteen per 1000 persons aged 18–64 years are supported to live independently through social services, which is below the county average of 18 per 1000 population. The rate is significantly higher for Hailsham East, at 39 per 1000 population. For those aged over 65 years, the rate is high in Uckfield New Town and Uckfield Central, at 157 per 1000 population and 138 per 1000 population, compared to the district average of 83 per 1000 population.
- There are high rates of persons aged 18–64 years with physical disability, frailty and sensory impairment supported to live independently through social services in Hailsham East, at 19 per 1000 population (over double the county average of 6 per 1000 population), and Hailsham South and West, at 11 per 1000 population. The rates are also very high among those aged 65 years and over in the Hailsham wards, at 116 per 1000 population for both, compared with the county average of 88 per 1000 population.

## **Services – health**

- 89% of two-year-olds and 84% of five-year-olds have received the MMR immunisation. Only 60% of two-year-olds in Forest Row, and 62% in Heathfield East, have received the vaccine.
- Immunisation rates for children aged two years against Pneumococcal infection (PCV) are 86% above the county average in Wealden. However, four wards are particularly low: Forest Row, 51%; Alfriston, 56%; and Framfield, Heathfield East, 62%.



- There are high rates for young people aged 0–18 years in drug or alcohol treatment in Hailsham South and West, at 59 per 10,000 population, compared to the district average of 17 per 10,000 population.
- Forest Row has the lowest cervical screening uptake of just 72% of eligible women. This is the lowest in East Sussex. Danehill/Fletching/Nutley and Hartfield also have low uptakes. The breast screening uptake for eligible women in Wealden is 75%, compared to 70% for East Sussex. All wards meet the county average, apart from Forest Row, Hartfield and East Dean.
- Pneumococcal vaccination coverage is 68% for Wealden, below the county average of 70%. Particularly low rates are seen in Polegate North, Forest Row, Polegate South, Willingdon, Herstmonceux, Danehill/Fletching/Nutley and Horam, which are all in the bottom decile for the county, at less than 65% coverage.

#### **Services – children’s services**

- Wealden has 5.5% of pupils receiving free school meals. This is half the county average. Only Hailsham East is significantly higher than the county average, at 18.4%.
- Wealden district has the lowest rate (18.8 per 1000 population) amongst the districts of pupils with English as an additional language, which compares to the county average of 35.8 per 1000 population. Only Uckfield New Town, Uckfield North and Polegate North have rates slightly above the East Sussex average (range 47.5–38.9 per 1000 population).
- 14 per 1000 population of children have an allocated social worker in Wealden, less than the county average of 24 per 1000 population. Hailsham East is the only ward with a significantly higher rate, at 64 per 1000 population.

#### **User perspectives on services**

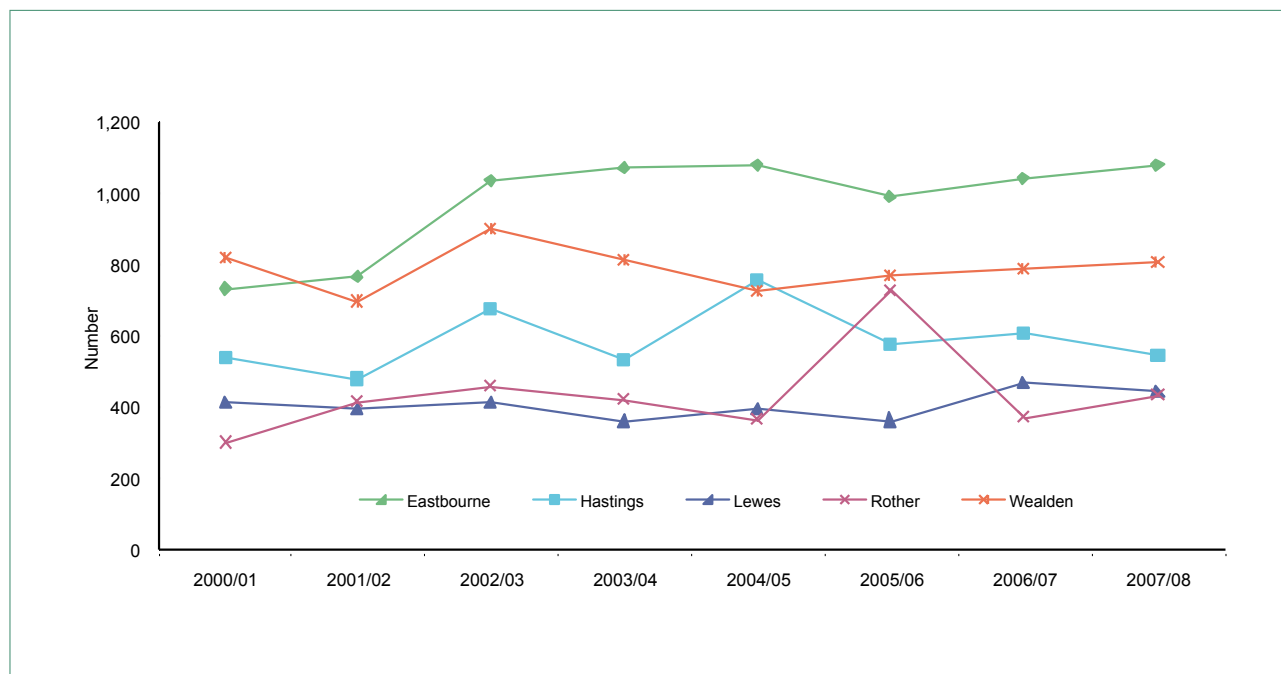
- Overall, 94% of respondents were satisfied with the care received at their GP surgery. For Mayfield, the rate was just 90%, and the Hailsham wards (Hailsham East, Hailsham South and West and Hailsham Central and North) had a rate of only 91%.
- In Wealden, 72% of people said they were satisfied with telephone access to their GP surgery, compared to 71% for East Sussex. Less satisfaction was reported in Uckfield Central (57%), Uckfield North (58%) and Uckfield New Town (59%).
- In Wealden, 91% of respondents were able to see a doctor fairly quickly over last 6 months. This was lower in respondents from Uckfield Central, Uckfield North, Uckfield New Town, Crowborough West, Crowborough North, Crowborough St Johns and Wadhurst (range, 85%–87%, all within the bottom decile for the county).
- In all, 31% of older people in Wealden said they received the support they need to live independently at home (just below the East Sussex average of 32%). However Crowborough (14%), Danehill/Fletching/Nutley (17%), Hartfield, Forest Row and Herstmonceux (20%) were well below the average.

Table 13: Numbers and percentages of the black and minority ethnic populations by local authority, 2001 and 2007, ONS

Ethnic groups	2001		BME inc White Irish and White other		2007		BME inc White Irish and White other	
	BME		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Hastings	2,500	2.9	5,100	6.0	5,200	5.0	9,600	10.0
Rother	1,600	1.9	3,900	4.6	3,500	4.0	6,400	7.3
Eastbourne	2,900	3.2	6,700	7.5	5,900	6.2	9,900	10.4
Lewes	1,900	2.1	4,400	4.8	4,600	4.9	8,100	8.6
Wealden	2,300	1.6	5,700	4.8	6,100	4.2	11,500	8.0
East Sussex	12,000	2.4	27,600	5.6	26,500	5.2	45,700	9.0
South East	400,200	5.0	707,400	8.8	661,200	8.0	1,062,300	12.8
England	4,552,800	9.2	6,523,900	13.2	6,009,100	11.8	8,355,900	16.4

Source: Office of National Statistics

Figure 45: International in-migrant GP registrations, East Sussex districts and boroughs, 2000/01–2007/08



Source: ONS

Table 15: *The 20 wards with the lowest life expectancy in East Sussex, 2003–2005*

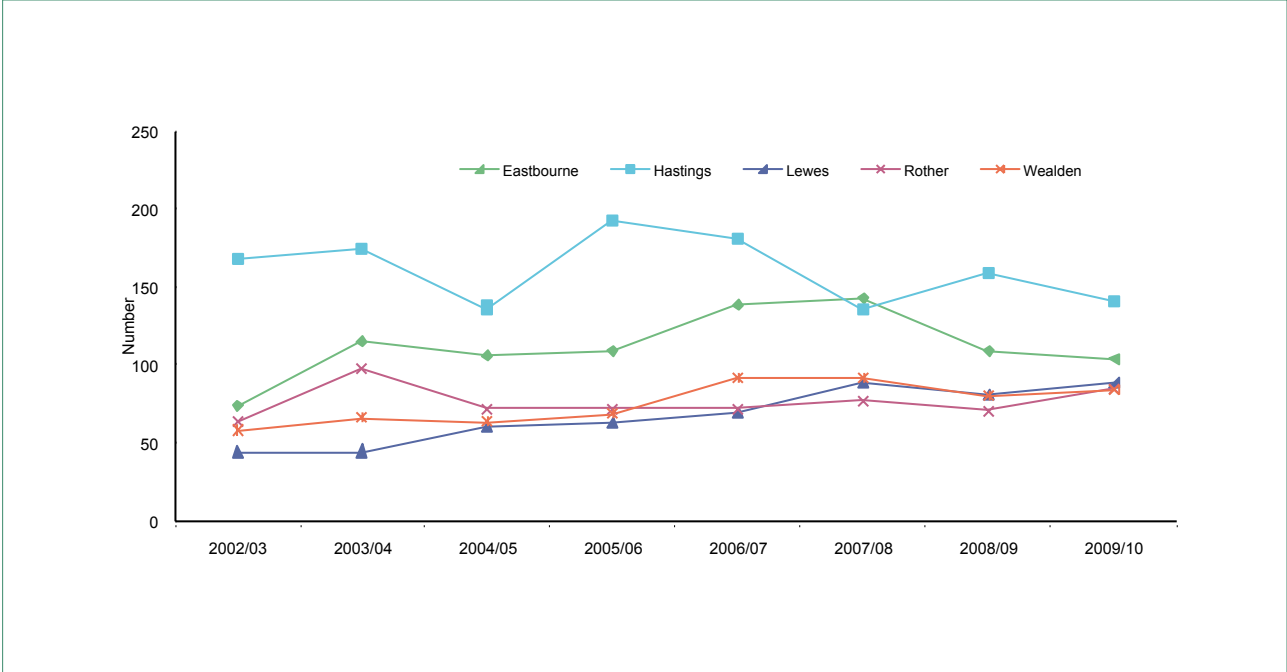
Ranked wards in order of increasing life expectancy (2003/05)	Local authority area	Life expectancy (persons, yrs)
Central St Leonards	Hastings	72.1
Sackville	Rother	74.9
Maze Hill	Hastings	75.5
Gensing	Hastings	75.7
St Michaels	Rother	75.9
Sidley	Rother	76.2
Devonshire	Eastbourne	77.0
Hailsham East	Wealden	77.3
Peacehaven East	Lewes	77.4
Wishing tree	Hastings	77.4
Hampden Park	Eastbourne	77.7
Ore	Hastings	77.8
Braybrooke	Hastings	78.1
Seaford Central	Lewes	78.2
Old Town (Bexhill)	Rother	78.2
Uckfield New Town	Wealden	78.4
Peacehaven West	Lewes	78.6
Upperton	Eastbourne	78.6
Hellingly	Wealden	78.7
Hollington	Hastings	78.9
East Sussex (excluding the 20% of wards with the lowest life expectancy)		81.1

Source: Deaths occurring in the 3 years 2003, 2004 and 2005.

Table 17: Deprivation category for the LSOAs within the Investing in Life wards

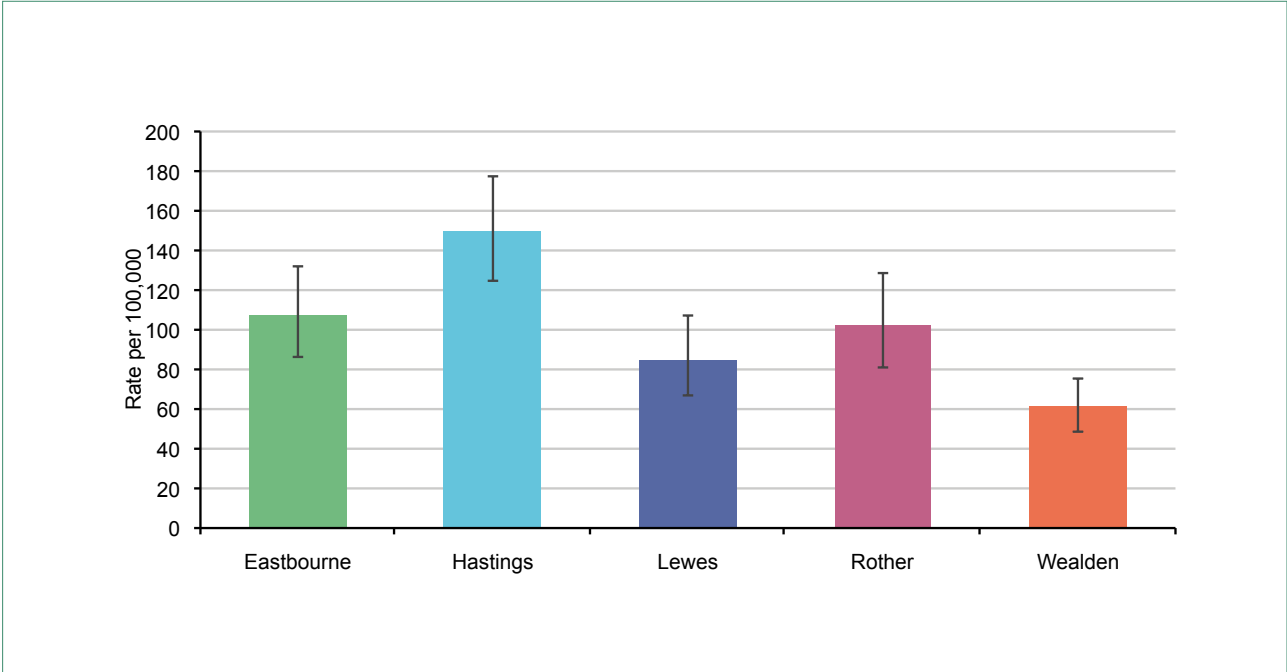
Investing in Life wards		Deprivation quintile for LSOAs within each ward			Grand total
District / borough	Ward name	Bottom	Neither	Top	
Eastbourne	Devonshire	5	2		7
	Hampden Park	4	3		7
	Upperton	2	4		6
Hastings	Braybrooke	2	1		3
	Central St Leonards	4			4
	Gensing	3	1		4
	Hollington	4			4
	Maze Hill	1	2		3
	Ore	1	2		3
	Wishing Tree	2	1		3
Lewes	Peacehaven East		3		3
	Peacehaven West		3		3
	Seaford Central		2	1	3
Rother	Bexhill Old Town		3		3
	Sackville	1	2		3
	Sidley	3	1		4
	St Michaels		3		3
Wealden	Hailsham East	2			2
	Hellingly		3		3
	Uckfield New Town		1	1	2
Grand total		34	37	2	73
		47%	51%	3%	100%

Figure 48: Number of directly attributable hospital admissions, East Sussex districts and boroughs, 2002/03–2009/10



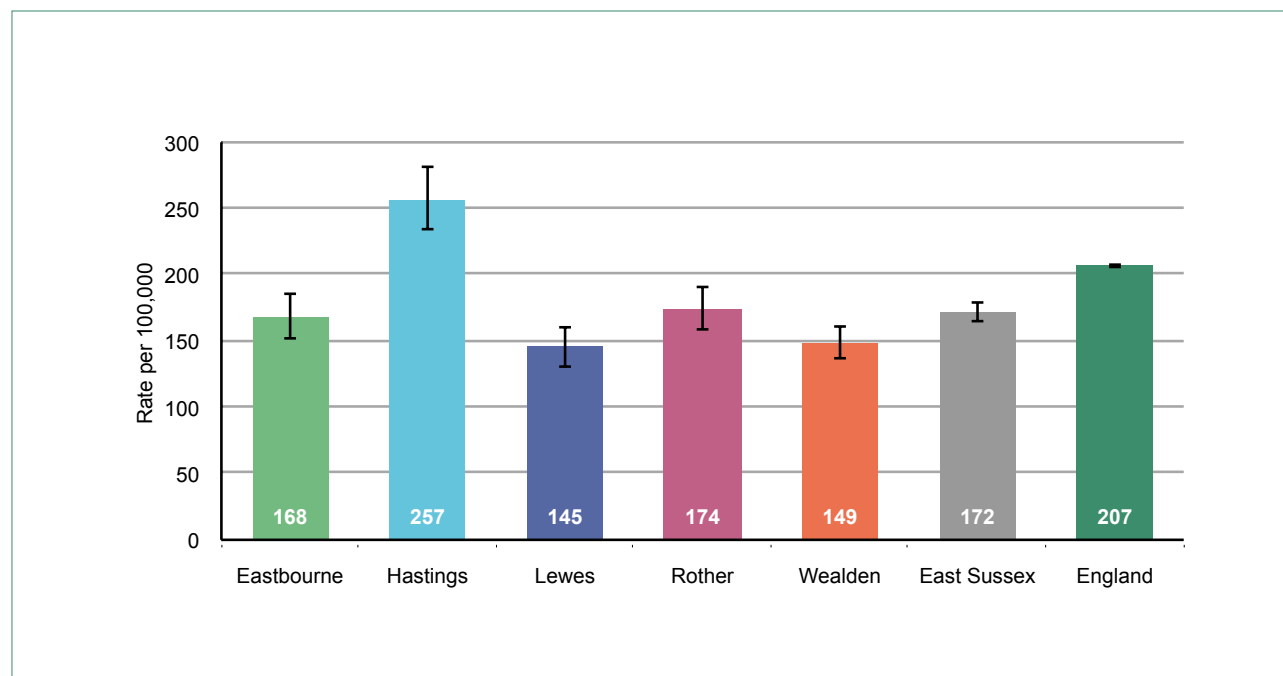
Source: SUS hospital episode extracts

Figure 49: Hospital admissions due to alcohol-specific conditions for persons aged under 18 years with 95% confidence intervals, 2005/06–2007/08 (rate per 100,000 population)



Source: North West Public Health Observatory

Figure 50: Deaths from smoking for people aged 35 years and over with 95% confidence intervals, East Sussex districts and boroughs, 2006–2008 (rate per 100,000 population)



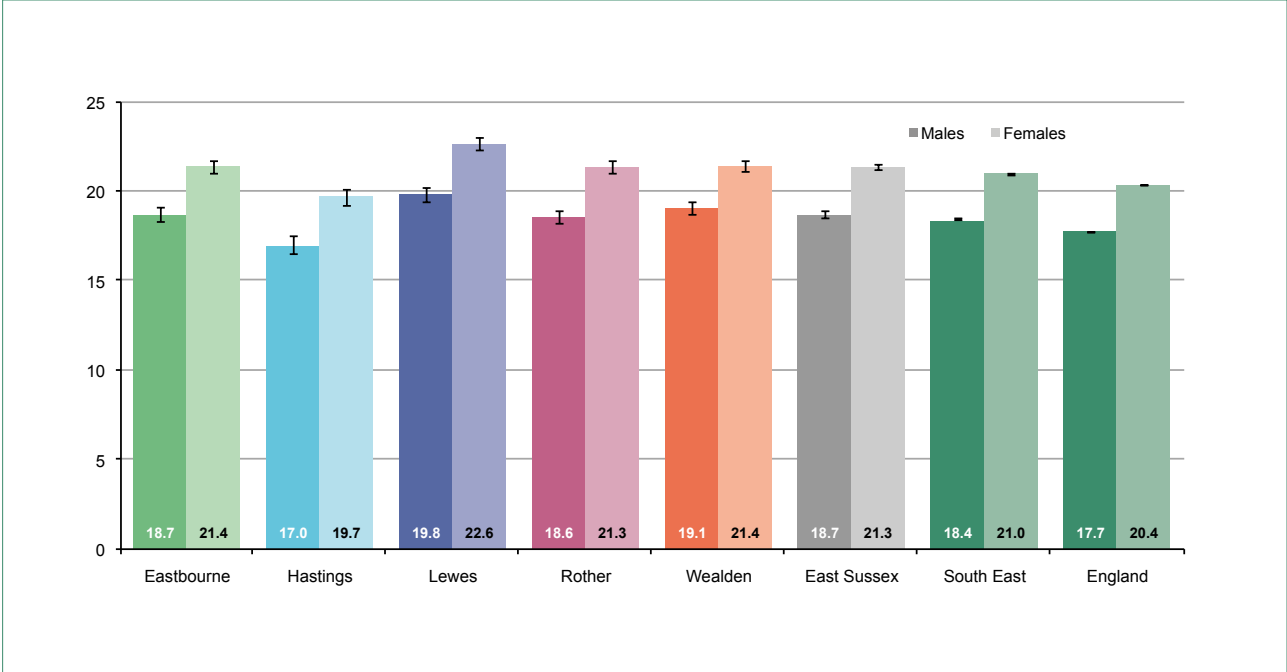
Source: APHO Health Profiles

Table 19: Estimated prevalence of obesity for adults aged 16 years and over, 2003–2005

Area	Count	%
East Sussex	98,932	22.2
Eastbourne	18,405	21.6
Hastings	18,083	24.2
Lewes	17,983	21.9
Rother	16,608	21.4
Wealden	26,265	20.9

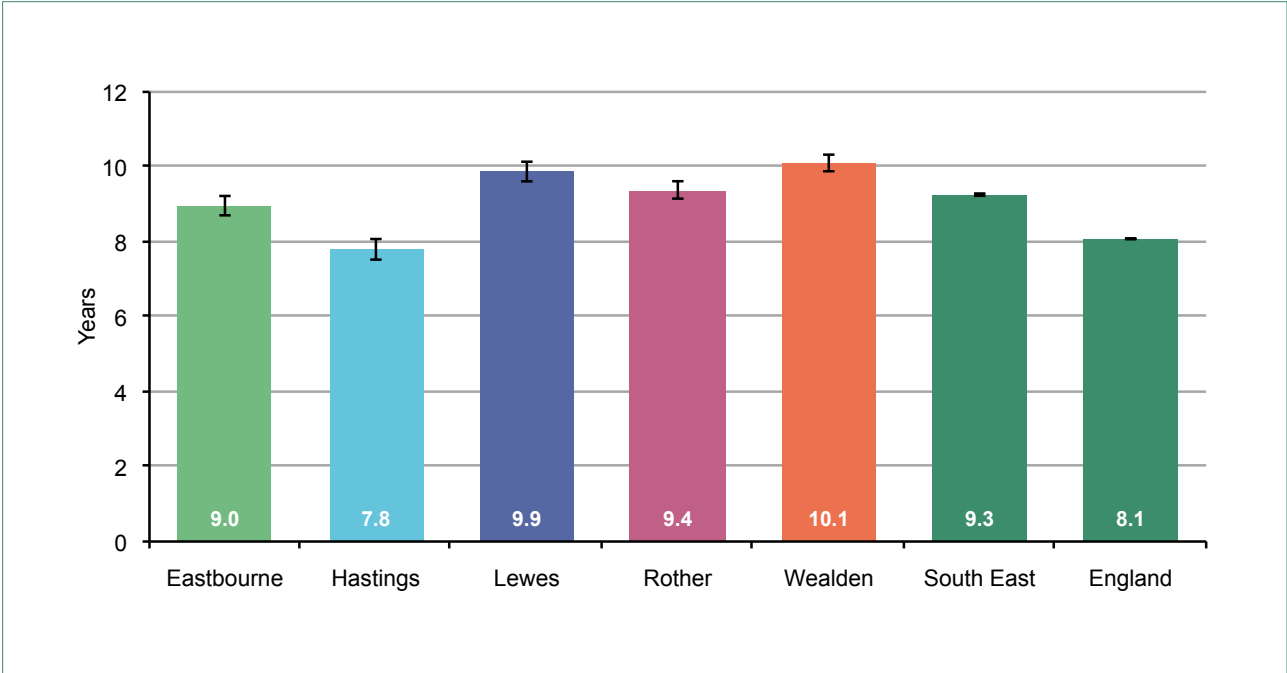
Source: Information Centre

Figure 68: Life expectancy at age 65 years with 95% confidence intervals, East Sussex districts and boroughs, 2006–2008



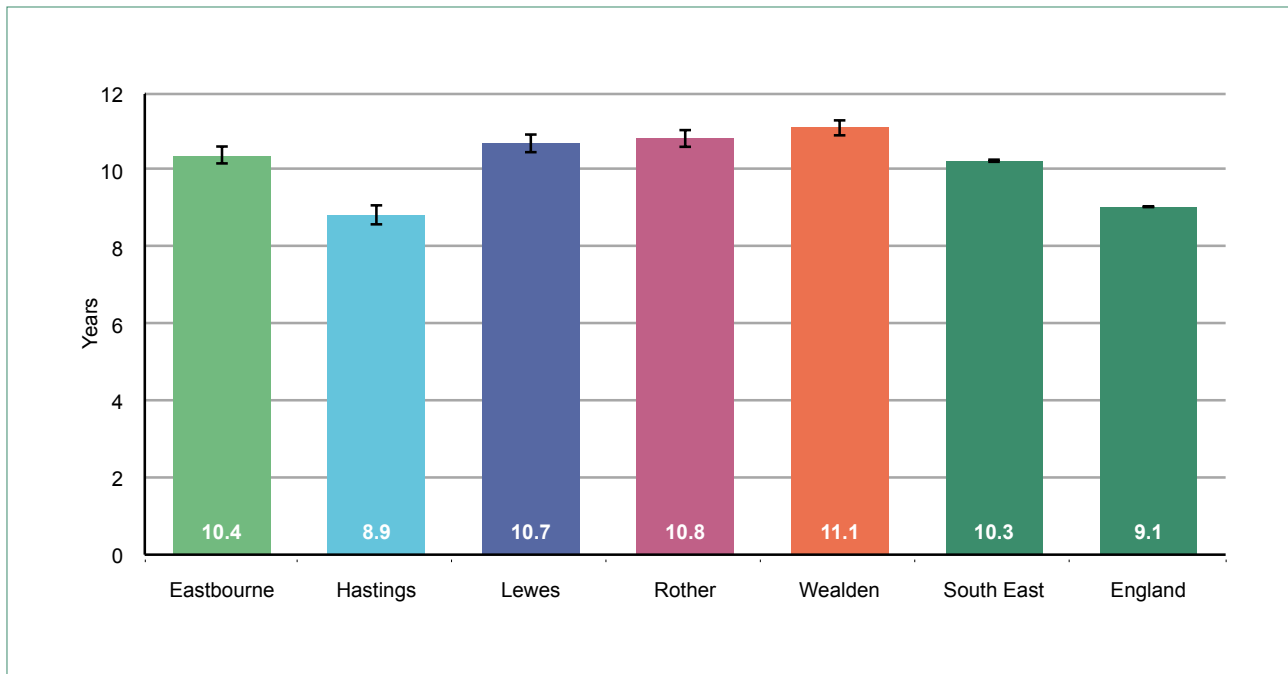
Source: Compendium of Clinical and Health Indicators

Figure 69: Disability-free life expectancy at age 65 years with 95% confidence intervals, males, East Sussex districts and boroughs, 1999–2003



Source: ONS

Figure 70: Disability-free life expectancy at age 65 years with 95% confidence intervals, females, East Sussex districts and boroughs, 1999–2003



Source: ONS





